

Diagrammatic left canonical form of braids (1)

& applications

March 20, 2023 @ OIST

joint w/ Michele Capovilla-Searle &
Rebecca Sorsen

$$\text{Braid gp } B_n = \left\{ \sigma_1, \dots, \sigma_{n-1} \mid \begin{array}{l} \sigma_i \sigma_{i+1} \sigma_i = \sigma_{i+1} \sigma_i \sigma_{i+1} \\ \sigma_i \sigma_j = \sigma_j \sigma_i \quad (|i-j| \geq 2) \end{array} \right\}$$

Q (Word problem)

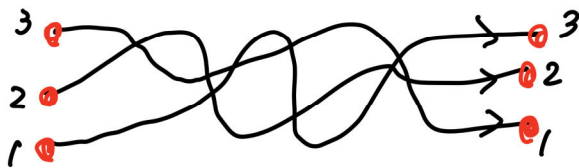
Given β & $\beta' \in B_n$ determine $\beta = \beta'$ or $\beta \neq \beta'$.

Q (Conjugacy problem)

$$\beta \underset{\text{conj}}{\sim} \beta' \text{ or } \beta \not\sim \beta'$$

$$\uparrow \text{Def } \exists \gamma \in B_n \text{ s.t. } \beta' = \gamma \beta \gamma^{-1}$$

Geometrically



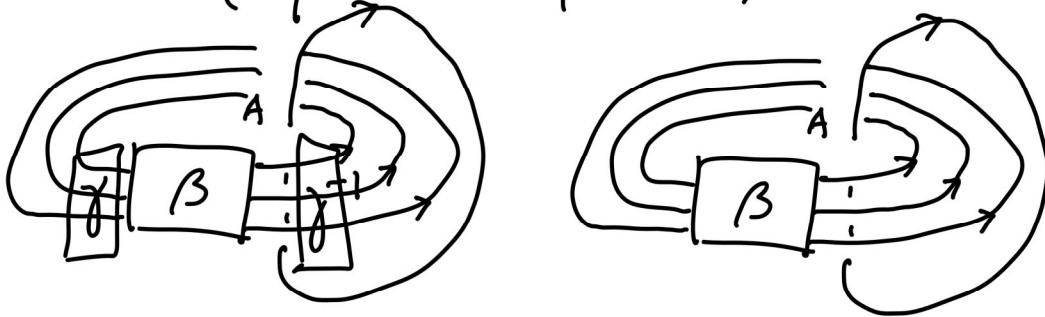
don't allow



$\bullet \beta = \beta'$ (isotopic when end pts are fixed)

(2)

$\bullet \beta \sim \beta'$ ($\hat{\beta} \cup A = \hat{\beta}' \cup A$) as oriented links



Birman-Ko-Lee

Given $\beta \in B_n$ there is a special factorization $LCF(\beta)$ of β s.t.

$$LCF(\beta) = LCF(\beta') \iff \beta = \beta'$$

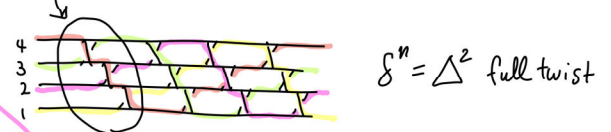
\uparrow exactly the same \uparrow up to braid relations

Today, study $LCF(\beta)$ via diagrams.
 \uparrow originally very algebraic.

$LCF(\beta) = \delta^r A_1 \cdots A_k$
 a factorization of β

$\delta, A_1, \dots, A_k \in \text{CnFct}(B_n)$

Def $\delta =$ fundamental element $\in B_n$
 $= \sigma_{n-1} \sigma_{n-2} \cdots \sigma_2 \sigma_1$



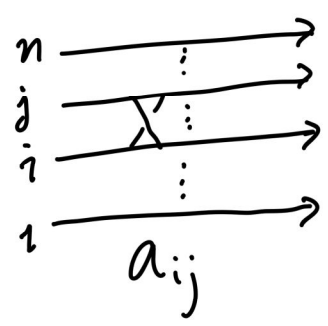
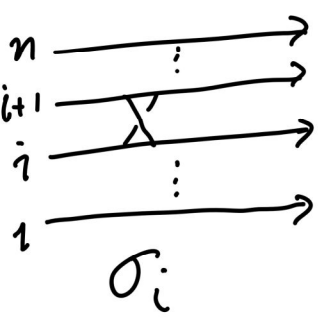
$\delta A_i, A_i A_{i+1}$ are all maximally left weighted.
 $r =: \inf(\beta) \quad k =: \sup(\beta)$

$$\text{Art Gen}(B_n) \subset \text{Bd Gen}(B_n) \subset \text{CnFct}(B_n) \subset B_n^+ \subset B_n$$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Artin Gens} \\ \sigma_1, \dots, \sigma_{n-1} \end{array} \right\}$
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Band Gens} \\ a_{ij} \\ 1 \leq i < j \leq n \end{array} \right\}$
 Catalan # $C_n = \frac{(2n)!}{n!(n+1)!}$
 monoid of bd gens $\infty \quad \infty$

$n-1$

$$\binom{n}{2} = \frac{n(n-1)}{2}$$



BKL $\text{CnFct}(B_n) \stackrel{\text{df}}{=} \left\{ \beta \in B_n^+ \mid \exists p, q \in B_n^+ \text{ s.t. } p\beta q = \delta \right\}$

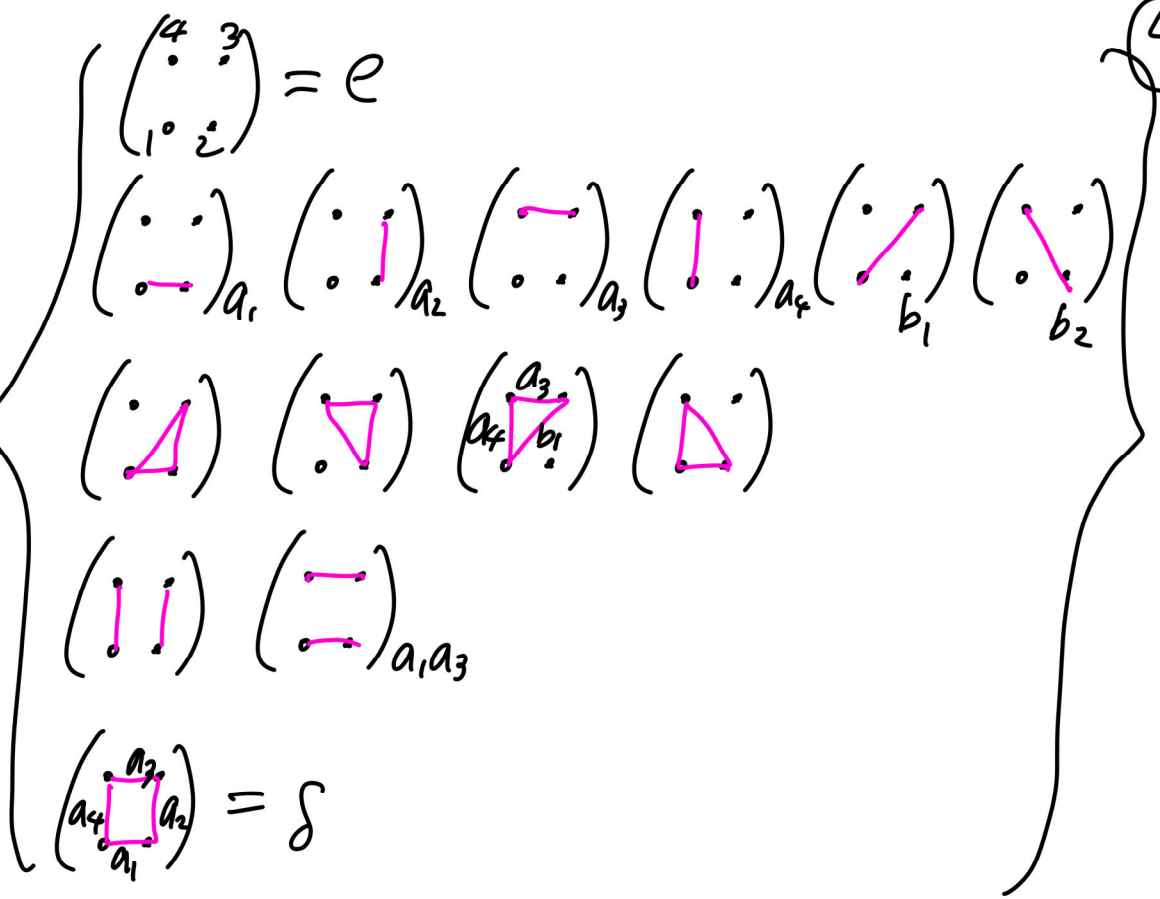
Implicit in BKL

$$\text{CnFct}(B_n) \xleftrightarrow{1:1} \{ \text{crossingless diagrams for } D_n \}$$

Ex

$C_4 = 14 \checkmark$

$CnFct(B_4) \leftrightarrow$



Def Partial order " $<$ " on $CnFct(B_n)$.

$A, B \in CnFct(B_n)$

$A < B \iff \exists Q \in CnFct(B_n) \text{ s.t. } AQ = B$

*algebraic
hard to detect*

abstract.

Th (CKS)

$A < B \iff cv(A) \subset cv(B)$

visual

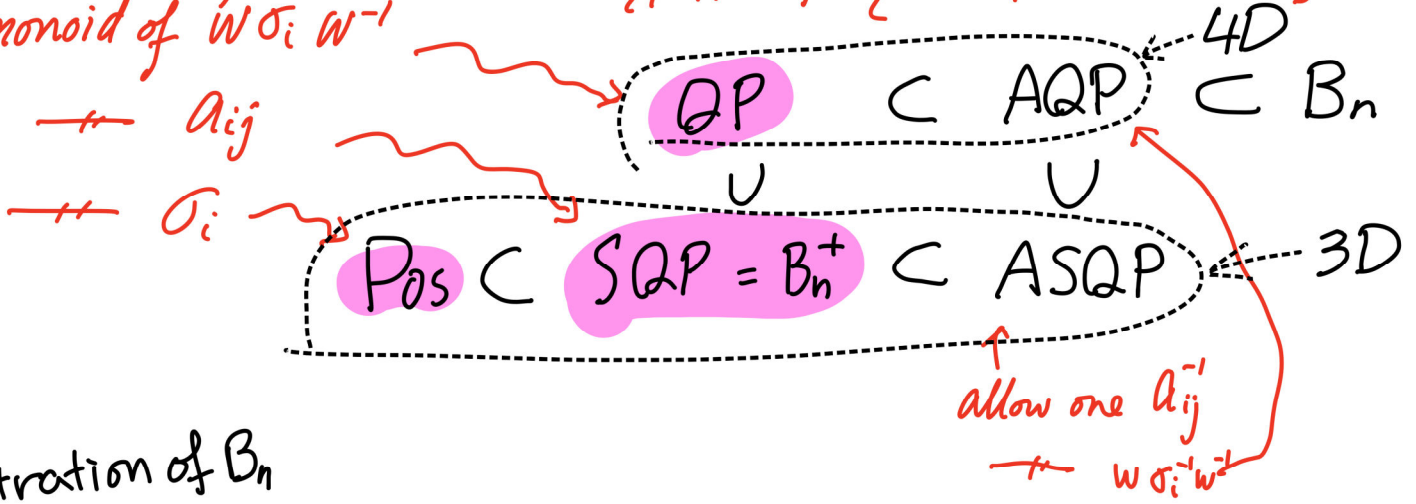
Applications

⑥

normally generated monoid of $W \sigma_i W^{-1}$

Algeom

$$\{\hat{\beta} \mid \beta \in QP\} = \{S^3 \cap \text{cplx curve in } \mathbb{C}^2\}$$



Filtration of B_n

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} AQP \subset 2^{nd} AQP \subset \dots \\ \cup \\ ASQP \subset 2^{nd} ASQP \subset \dots \end{array} \quad B_n = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} AQP_n \right)$$

Thm

$$\beta \text{ is SQP} \Leftrightarrow \inf(\beta) \geq 0$$

$$\beta \text{ is ASQP} \Leftrightarrow \inf(\beta) = -1 \ \&$$

$$\exists i \text{ s.t. } \|A_i\| = n-2.$$

Def $n(\beta) \stackrel{df}{=} \text{the neg. band \#}$

$$= \min \left\{ \# \text{ of } (-) \text{ bands in } W \mid \begin{array}{l} W \text{ is a word in} \\ \text{BdGen}(B_n), \\ W = \beta \end{array} \right\}$$

Rmk $SQP = \{ \beta \mid n(\beta) = 0 \}$

$$ASQP = \{ \beta \mid n(\beta) \leq 1 \}$$

Bennequin inequality.

(7)

$$\begin{array}{l} SL(K) \leq 2\tau(K) - 1 \\ \text{Contact geom} \quad \leq S(K) - 1 \\ \text{Heeg Flore} \quad \leq 2g_4(K) - 1 \\ \text{Khovanov} \quad \leq 2g(K) - 1 \\ \text{4D} \quad \quad \quad \text{3D} \end{array}$$

$$\text{Defect} \stackrel{\text{df}}{=} \frac{(2g(K) - 1) - SL(K)}{2} \leq n(\beta) \quad K = \hat{\beta}.$$

↑
conj "=" (Ito-K)

Thm if $\inf(\beta) \leq 0$

$$|\inf(\beta)| \leq n(\beta) \quad (\leq) \quad (n-2)|\inf(\beta)| - \min\{0, \sup(\beta)\}$$

↑
"=" when $n=3$