

GENERAL RELATIVITY HOMEWORK – WEEK 5

Exercise 1. Consider the sphere – same as in Q1 of the midterm, but with a general radius r . The coordinates are $x^\mu = (\theta, \phi)$. The internal-space indices take values $I = \hat{\theta}, \hat{\phi}$, with Euclidean internal metric δ_{IJ} . The non-vanishing components of the vielbein are:

$$e_{\hat{\theta}}^{\theta} = r ; \quad e_{\hat{\phi}}^{\phi} = r \sin \theta . \quad (1)$$

1. Find the components of the spin-connection ω_{μ}^{IJ} .
2. Find the (single, because we're in 2d) independent component of the curvature $F_{\mu\nu}^{IJ}$ and Riemann tensor R_{IJKL} .
3. A vector on the sphere is parallel-transported along an infinitesimal loop of area A , and ends up rotated by angle α . From the value of the Riemann tensor, deduce the proportionality relation between A and α (no calculation should be needed).

Exercise 2. Consider three (non-infinitesimal) closed loops along the sphere from Q1:

1. From $(\theta = \pi/2, \phi = 0)$ to $(\theta = 0)$ along the meridian, then to $(\theta = \pi/2, \phi = \pi/2)$ along a different meridian, then back to $(\theta = \pi/2, \phi = 0)$ along the equator.
2. From $(\theta = \pi/2, \phi = 0)$ to $(\theta = \pi/2, \phi = \pi)$ along the meridian, then back to $(\theta = \pi/2, \phi = 0)$ along the equator.
3. From $(\theta = \pi/2, \phi = 0)$ back to itself along the equator.

Find the rotation angle α of a vector parallel-transported along each of these loops (no calculation should be needed, you can do this with your fingers). What is the area A of the sphere's surface enclosed in each loop? Compare with the proportionality relation from Q1.

Exercise 3. Now, let's upgrade the constant radius r to a third coordinate, and add a third internal-space axis \hat{r} . The Euclidean internal metric is now the 3×3 identity matrix δ_{IJ} , and the non-vanishing components of the vielbein are:

$$e_{\hat{r}}^r = 1 ; \quad e_{\hat{\theta}}^{\theta} = r ; \quad e_{\hat{\phi}}^{\phi} = r \sin \theta . \quad (2)$$

1. Find the components of the spin-connection ω_{μ}^{IJ} .
2. Find the components of the curvature $F_{\mu\nu}^{IJ}$. Interpret the result geometrically – what space is this?